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## BEFORE THE GUAM PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

IN RE:	DOCKET NO: 09-04
GTA TELEGUAM LLC AND GUAM POWER AUTHORITY/ POLE ATTACHMENTS	RESPONSE OF GTA TO COMMENTS FILED IN THIS DOCKET

Two companies, MCV and IT&E, have filed comments in this docket. GTA and GPA had previously stipulated that the PUC had jurisdiction to settle this matter. MCV and IT&E have disputed the jurisdiction of the PUC to hear this issue and argue that the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) is the appropriate forum to resolve the matter. GTA does not agree with this assertion and this response is primarily focused on that issue.

MCV has cited the same federal statute that GTA and GPA cited in their stipulation, 47 USC §224. A review of that section shows that the FCC has no jurisdiction over the setting of GPA's pole attachment rates. Therefore, only the Guam PUC has the authority to resolve this matter and it should do so.

Section 224(a)(1) of 47 USC defines a utility as "any person who is ...an electric...utility, and who owns or controls poles...used, in whole or in part, for any wire communications." The section goes on to state: "Such term does not include...any person owned by the Federal Government or any State." As MCV points out in its statement, under this law, Guam is included under the definition of a State.

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Section 224(a)(4) of 47 USC defines a "pole attachment" as "any attachment by a cable television system or provider of telecommunications service to a pole, duct, conduit, or right-of-way owned or controlled by a utility."

The Guam Power Authority is a public corporation owned by the government of Guam, 12 GCA 8103. See also, Guerrero v Government of Guam, D.C. Guam Civil #80-43A (1981), and Wood v Guam Power Authority, Government of Guam, 2000 Guam 18 (2000). In the Guerrero case the Guam District Court Appellate Division held that GPA was a part of the government of Guam. In the Wood case the Guam Supreme Court held that GPA, as a part of the Government of Guam, was protected from a suit by the plaintiff because the government had not waived its sovereign immunity for the cause of action claimed by plaintiff and GPA was protected by the government of Guam Claims Act.

Because GPA is owned by a "State", it is not a "utility" as defined by §224(a)(1) and it is completely exempt from pole attachment regulation by the FCC under 47 USC §224.

The certification process of 47 USC §224(c), cited by MCV, is inapplicable to the Guam PUC. This certification process allows a State to remove from the FCC its authority to set rates for pole attachments for private companies. This provision would only apply in the event the Guam PUC determined that it desired to exercise jurisdiction over poles owned by private companies. However, no private companies own poles on Guam so there is no need to make a filing under §224(c). Because the FCC has never had jurisdiction over GPA with respect to pole attachments, there is no reason to require the Guam PUC to follow the procedures set forth in §224(c) to remove that jurisdiction to Guam.

The only provision in §224(c) that is relevant to this proceeding is §224(c)(1), which states:

Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to, or to give the Commission jurisdiction with respect to rates, terms and conditions, or access to poles, ducts, conduits, and rights-of-way as provided in

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subsection (f) of this section, for pole attachments in any case where such matters are regulated by a State.

The Guam PUC is the only regulatory entity that has ever had jurisdiction to set rates for State owned entities like GPA that own poles. That authority, 12 GCA 12015(a), was set forth in the stipulation signed by GPA and GTA. The FCC does not have any jurisdiction over this matter and the Guam PUC has no obligation to make a filing to assert jurisdiction over pole attachments owned by the government of Guam.

Regarding other issues set forth in the responses of MCV and IT&E, GTA assumes that the PUC will comply with Guam law and the stipulation between the parties contemplates the use of a federal formula as a starting point instead of "reinventing the wheel". GTA, and I believe GPA, agree that a single formula for attaching wires to poles should be used. As MCV points out, both GTA and MCV now provide cable television and telecommunications services. The PUC has always demanded transparency and verified the information provided by a party and GTA does not believe the PUC would deviate from that process. GTA agrees and has previously requested that the matter be converted to a rate setting proceeding and that all interested parties be allowed to submit their views on the appropriate information and data that should go into setting the rate.

Respectfully submitted,

GTA TELEGUAM LLC

By:

Ву:

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